

1- A single Phase transformer is rated 110/440 V, 2.5 kVA. The leakage reactance measured from low voltage side is 0.05 ohm. Determine the following:

- The leakage reactance in per unit measured from low voltage side.
- The leakage reactance measured from high voltage side.
- The leakage reactance in per unit measured from high voltage side.
- Comment on your answers on previous items.

2- Three parts of single Phase electric system are designated A, B, and C and are connected to each other through transformers as shown in figure 1. The transformers are rated as follows:

A-B 10,000 kVA, 13.8/138 kV, leakage reactance 10%

B-C 10,000 kVA, 138/69 kV, leakage reactance 18%

If the base in circuit B is chosen as 10,000 kVA, 138 kV, then

- Find the per unit impedance of the 300 ohm resistive load in circuit C referred to circuits A, B, and C. Comment on your results.
- Draw the impedance diagram neglecting the magnetizing current, transformer resistance, and line impedance.
- Determine the voltage regulation if the voltage at the load is 66 kV.

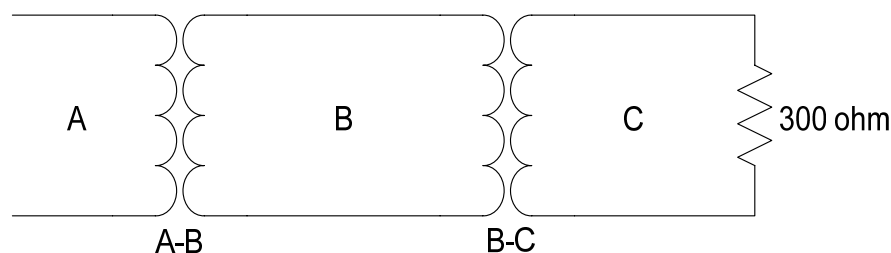


Figure 1.

3- Draw an impedance diagram for the electric power system shown in Figure 2 showing all impedances in per unit on a 100-MVA base. Choose 20 kV as the voltage base for generator. The three-phase power and line-line ratings are given below.

G_1 : 90 MVA 20 kV $X = 9\%$,
 G_2 : 90 MVA 18 kV $X = 9\%$,
 Line: 200 kV $X = 120 \text{ ohm}$,

T_1 : 80 MVA 20/200 kV $X = 16\%$
 T_2 : 80 MVA 200/20 kV $X = 20\%$
 Load: 200 kV $S = 48 \text{ MW} + j64 \text{ Mvar}$

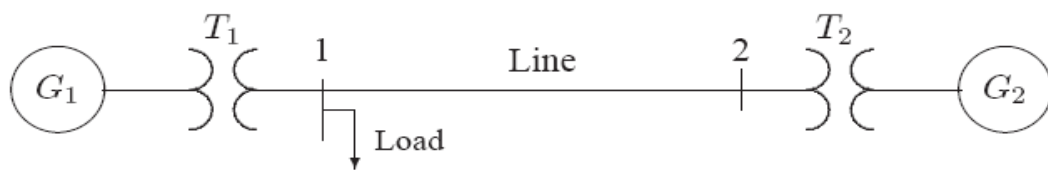


Figure 2.

4- The one-line diagram of a power system is shown in Figure 3 the three-phase power and line-line ratings are given below. Draw an impedance diagram showing all Impedances in per unit on a 100-MVA base. Choose 22 kV as the voltage base for generator.

G : 80 MVA 22 kV $X = 24\%$
 T_1 : 50 MVA 22/220 kV $X = 10\%$
 T_2 : 40 MVA 220/22 kV $X = 6.0\%$
 T_3 : 40 MVA 22/110 kV $X = 6.4\%$
 T_4 : 40 MVA 110/22 kV $X = 5.4\%$
 Line 1: 220 kV $X = 121 \Omega$
 Line 2: 110 kV $X = 42.35 \Omega$
 M : 60 MVA 20 kV $X = 22.5\%$

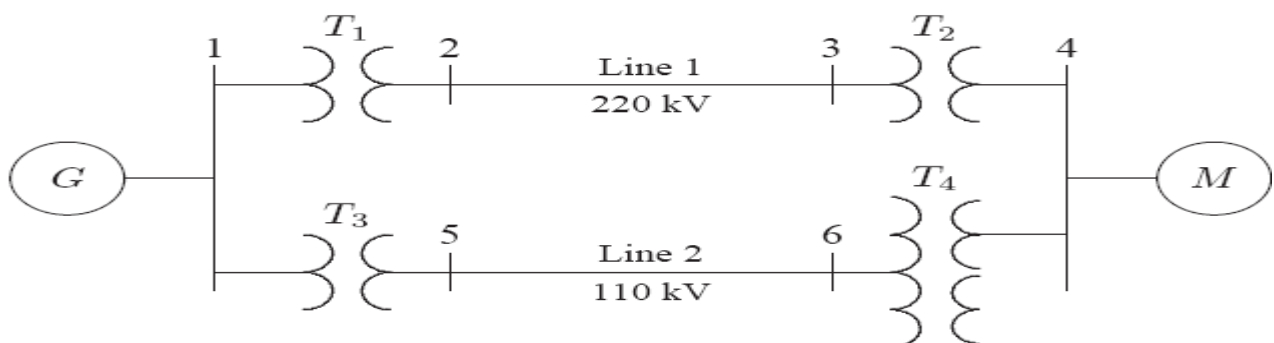


Figure 3.

- 5- A 30,000-kVA 13.8-kV three-phase generator has a subtransient reactance of 15%. The generator supplies two motors over a transmission line having transformers at both ends, as shown on the one-line diagram of Fig. 6.9. The motors have rated inputs of 20,000 and 10,000 kVA, both 12.5 kV with $X'' = 20\%$. The three-phase transformer T_1 is rated 35,000 kVA, 13.8-115 kV with leakage reactance of 10%. Transformer T_2 is composed of three single-phase transformers each rated 10,000 kVA, 12.5-67 kV with leakage reactance of 10%. Series reactance of the transmission line is 80Ω . Draw the reactance diagram with all reactances marked in per unit. Select the generator rating as base in the generator circuit.



Figure 4.

- 6- If the motors of problem 5 have inputs of 16,000 and 8,000 kW, respectively at 12.5 kV and both operate at unity power factor. Find the voltage at terminals of the generator.